SANTACRUZ
silver mining, ltd

A Multi-Asset & Multi-Metal Mining Company in Latin America



CORPORATE PRESENTATION | Q4 2026

NASDAQ:SCZM | TSX:SCZ

TSX Venture50
2026

Disclaimer

Important Cautionary Notes

The information provided in this presentation is based on publicly available information and is not intended to be a comprehensive review of all matters and developments concerning Santacruz Silver Mining Ltd. (the “Company”). It should be read in conjunction with all other disclosure documents of the Company. The information contained herein is not a substitute for detailed investigation or analysis. No securities commission or regulatory authority has reviewed the accuracy or adequacy of the information presented.

Forward Looking Statements

This presentation contains “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of Canadian securities legislation and the United States Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking information includes, but is not limited to, statements with respect to expectations regarding the development potential of the Company’s exploration assets; the timing and content of any technical reports on the Company’s assets, the streamlining of the Company’s operations and the benefits thereto; estimates regarding the Company’s production in 2026; future access to capital resources and its ability to fund near term growth; the priorities the Company has for improving operations at each of its assets; the alignment of the Company’s operations with the United Nations’ Sustainable Development Goals; the creation of consolidated sustainability reporting programs; the potential extension of the Illapa Joint Operation; and the Company's other plans for development of its projects. Often, but not always, forward-looking information can be identified by the use of words such as "plans", "expects", "is expected", "budget", "scheduled", "estimates", "forecasts", "intends", "anticipates", or "believes“ or the negatives thereof or variations of such words and phrases or statements that certain actions, events or results "may", "could", "would", "might" or "will" be taken, occur or be achieved. This forward-looking information is based on certain assumptions that the Company believes are reasonable, including that: the Company will be able to develop its exploration assets as currently expected; the Company will be able to obtain updated technical reports on its properties on the anticipated timelines, and that the content of the technical reports will align with management’s expectations; the Company will be successful in streamlining its operations, and that the Company will realize the expected value and benefits therefrom; the Company will continue to have access to the expected capital resources and it will have the expected impact on near term growth; the Company will be successful in aligning its operations with the United Nations’ Sustainable Development Goals; the Company will be successful in creating consolidated sustainability reporting programs; the Illapa Joint Operation will continue as expected; current gold, silver and base metal prices will not materially decrease; the proposed development of the Company's mineral projects will be viable operationally and economically and proceed as expected; the Company will not experience any material accident, labour dispute or failure of plant or equipment; any additional financing needed by the Company will be available on reasonable terms; that general business, economic, and political conditions will not change in a material adverse manner; the Company's financial condition and development plans do not change as a result of unforeseen events; the Company's exploration of its properties is not adversely affected by unexpected adverse weather conditions; the mine lives of the Company’s properties will be as anticipated; the Company's current exploration and development programs and objectives can be achieved; and the assumptions set out in the technical reports described below and the other assumptions set out in this presentation and the Company’s public disclosure, including the Annual Information Form (“AIF”) filed under the Company's profile at www.sedarplus.ca.

The forward-looking information is subject to a variety of risks and uncertainties and other factors that could cause plans, estimates and actual results to vary materially from those projected in such forward-looking information, including, but not limited to, the risk that any of the assumptions referred to above prove not to be valid or reliable; the risk that the Company will be unable to develop its exploration assets as currently contemplated; that the content and timing of any updated technical reports on the Company’s assets will not align with current expectations; that the Company will be unable to achieve efficiencies, reduce costs, and maximize the value of its assets through the streamlining of its operations; that the Company will not continue to have access to capital resources described in this presentation; that the Company’s priorities at each operation will differ from its current expectations; that the Company will be unable to align its operations with the United Nations’ Sustainable Development Goals; that the Company will be unable to create consolidated sustainability reporting programs; that the Illapa Joint Operation will not continue as expected; market conditions and volatility and global economic conditions, including increased volatility and potentially negative capital raising conditions resulting from the continued or escalation of the COVID-19 pandemic and risks relating to the extent and duration of such pandemic and its impact on global markets; controls or regulations and political or economic developments in Bolivia; risk of delay and/or cessation in planned work or changes in the Company's financial condition and development plans; risks associated with the interpretation of data (including in respect of third party mineralized material) regarding the geology, grade and continuity of mineral deposits; the uncertainty of the geology, grade and continuity of mineral deposits and the risk of unexpected variations in mineral resources, grade and/or recovery rates; risks related to gold, silver, base metal and other commodity price fluctuations; employee relations; relationships with and claims by local communities and indigenous populations; availability and increasing costs associated with mining inputs and labour; the speculative nature of mineral exploration and development, including the risks of obtaining necessary licenses and permits and the presence of laws and regulations that may impose restrictions on mining; risks relating to environmental regulation and liability; the possibility that results will not be consistent with the Company's expectations, as well as the other risks and uncertainties applicable to mineral exploration and development activities and to the Company as set forth in the AIF and the Company’s other public disclosure. The Company undertakes no obligation to update the forward-looking information, other than as required by applicable law. Any financial outlook contained herein, as defined by applicable securities legislation, is provided for the purpose of providing information about management's current expectations and plans relating to the future. Readers are cautioned that reliance on such information may not be appropriate for other purposes. All dollar amounts are expressed in USD unless otherwise indicated.

Qualified Persons

Garth Kirkham, P.Geo., Richard Goodwin, P.Eng., and Shane Tad Crowie, P.Eng., are independent consultants to the Company and Qualified Persons as defined by NI 43-101. Each has reviewed and approved the scientific and technical information contained in this presentation that relates to the NI 43-101 Technical Report.

Please note that quarterly production updates and related data are prepared and reviewed solely by Garth Kirkham, P.Geo. The other Qualified Persons named above were not involved in the preparation or review of the quarterly production data and should not be considered responsible for its validation.

About Santacruz



2 **Countries**
Mexico & Bolivia

4 **Producing Mines**

1 **Ore Feed Sourcing Company**

1 **Exploration & Development Asset**

Largest Underground Mining Company in Bolivia

Experts in Complex Underground Vein Systems

Produces Silver, Zinc, Lead & Copper

Focused on Operational Excellence & Sustainable Growth

COMPANY MILESTONES

2022
Acquired Bolivian Assets From Glencore

2023
Record Production in Bolivia

2024
Record Production in Mexico; Better Concentrate Quality Reached in Bolivia

2025
Glencore Debt Fully Paid; Brownfield Project Advancing Toward Full Production Permitting

2026
#1 Company on 2025 TSXV 50, Uplisting to NASDAQ & TSX, Milling Facility Acquisition for San Lucas

Multi-Asset, Multi-Metal Project Portfolio

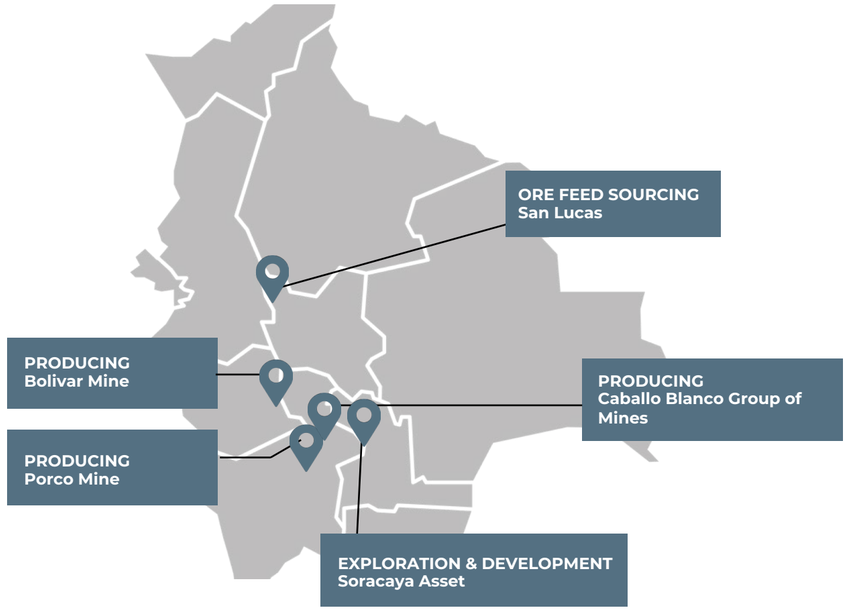
4 Producing Mines, 1 Ore Feed Sourcing Company, 1 Brownfield Project

MEXICO



PRODUCING
Zimapan Mine (100%)
9M 2026 Silver Production: 1.16 Moz Ag
9M 2026 Zinc Production: 13.64 kt Zn

BOLIVIA



EXPLORATION & DEVELOPMENT
Soracaya Asset
Ownership: 100%

PRODUCING
Bolivar Mine (45%[1])
9M 2026 Silver Production: 1.01 Moz Ag
9M 2026 Zinc Production: 11.02 kt Zn

PRODUCING
Porco Mine (45%[1])
9M 2026 Silver Production: 260.72 koz Ag
9M 2026 Zinc Production: 8.77 kt Zn

PRODUCING
Caballo Blanco Group of Mines (100%)
9M 2026 Silver Production: 920.32 koz Ag
9M 2026 Zinc Production: 12.64 kt Zn

ORE FEED SOURCING
San Lucas (100%)
9M 2026 Silver Production: 1.07 Moz Ag
9M 2026 Zinc Production: 20.90 kt Zn

1. Under the Net Profit Interest (NPI) Agreement with COMIBOL (Corporación Minera de Bolivia), Santacruz receives 45% of the profits, while the Bolivian government receives 55%.

Unlocking Strategic Mining Synergies

Together, Mexico and Bolivia Create a Scalable, Globally Competitive Silver-Zinc Platform

Bolivia

- **High-grade** silver-zinc resource base
- **Significant** exploration upside[1]
- **Strategic** South American hub

STRONGER TOGETHER

- **Shared** polymetallic potential
- **Production** scale + resource expansion
- **Accelerated** exports & job creation

Mexico

- **World-leading** silver producer (24%)[2]
- **~6,300+** metric tons annual output[3]
- **Established** infrastructure & operating expertise

1. www.practiceguides.chambers.com/practice-guides/mining-2025/Bolivia
2. www.silverinstitute.opt-wp.cloud.bosslogics.com/wp-content/uploads/2024/07/World-Silver-Survey-2024.pdf
3. www.statista.com/statistics/264640/silver-production-by-country

First Nine Months of 2026 Production

19% QoQ Increase in Silver Production at Bolivar; Consistent Production Across Other Operations

Primary Production Metrics[1]

Ag
SILVER
4,415,557
ounces

Zn
ZINC
66,960
tonnes

Pb
LEAD
9,167
tonnes

Cu
COPPER
1,000
tonnes

Revenues by Metal*



Ag **53.7%** Zn **40.4%** Other **5.9%**

* Other includes lead (3.3%) and copper (2.6%). Considering revenues from January-September 2026.

Supplemental Production Metrics[1,2]

SILVER EQUIVALENT PRODUCTION
8,123,183
AgEq ounces

ZINC EQUIVALENT PRODUCTION
168,627
ZnEq tonnes

1. Includes 100% production from Bolivar and Porco, whereas the Company records 45% of revenues and expenses in its consolidated financial statements.
2. Calculation methods may differ from those used by other companies. Refer to the “Methodology for Silver Equivalent and Zinc Equivalent Production Figures” section on slide 23 for more information.

Bolivar Mine

Type of Mine
Underground vein system

Milling Facility Capacity
1,100 tonnes per day

Head Grades[1]
Ag - 158 g/t; Zn - 6.73%;
Pb - 0.41%

History
+200 years of
continuous mining

Key Mine Metrics[2]
- Reserves: 1.24M tonnes
- Resources: 4.20M tonnes

Mine Rehab & Recovery[3]
Dewatering and access restoration progressing; full production recovery expected in Q4 2026

Oruro, Bolivia



Production[4]	Q3 2026	Q2 2026	Q3 2025	Change Q3'26 vs Q2'26	Change Q3'26 vs Q3'25
Silver (ounces)	408,087	343,522	132,146	19%	209%
Zinc (tonnes)	3,682	3,684	3,186	0%	16%

Revenues by Metal*

Ag **60.9%** Zn **38.3%** Other **0.8%**

* Other represents lead. Considering revenues from January-September 2026.

1. Head grades shown reflect 2025 operating average grades for Bolivar, based on reported annual production results. See news release dated January 26, 2026 for more information.
2. Refer to the NI 43-101 Technical Report for Bolivar, available at www.santacruzsilver.com, for more information.
3. Bolivar mine experienced a water inflow event in May 2025. See news releases dated July 29, 2025, November 3, 2025, and January 26, 2026 for more information.
4. Bolivar is presented at 100% production, whereas the Company records 45% of revenues and expenses in its consolidated financial statements.

Porco Mine

Type of Mine
Underground vein system

Milling Facility Capacity
1,200 tonnes per day

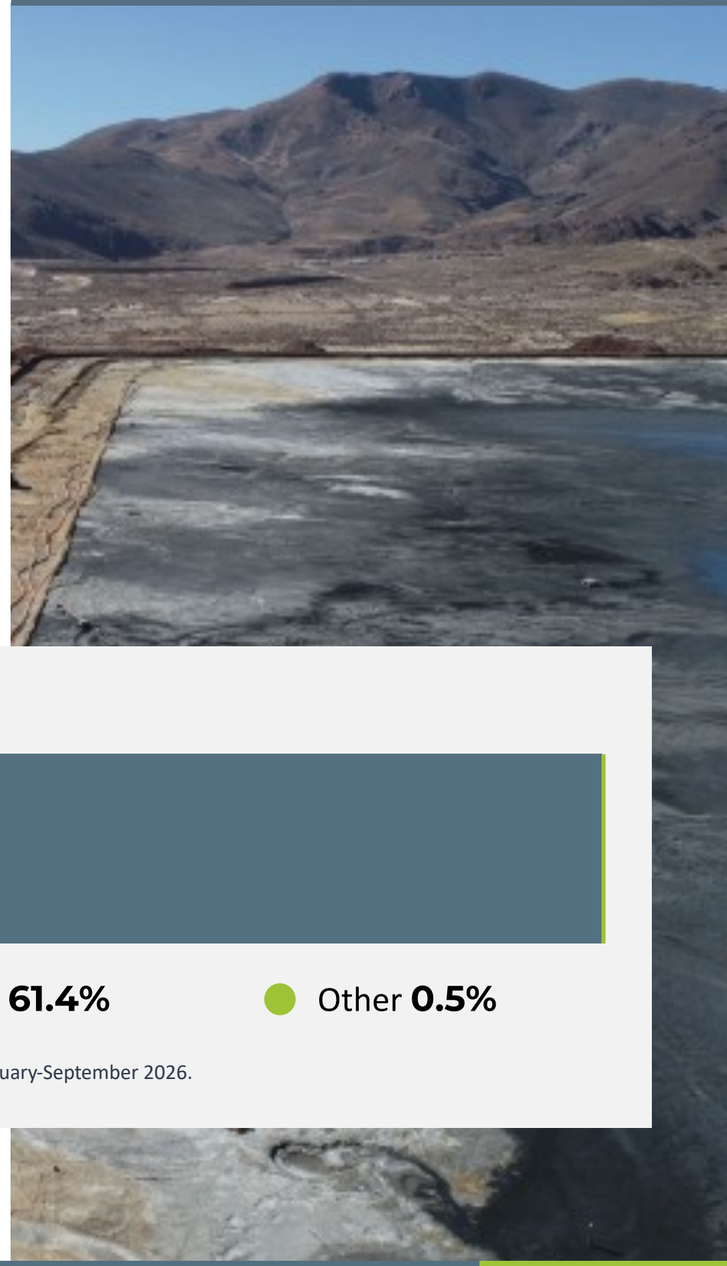
Head Grades[1]
Ag - 77 g/t; Zn - 5.77%;
Pb - 0.36%

History
+500 years of continuous mining

Key Mine Metrics[2]
- Reserves: 319.17K tonnes
- Resources: 1.01M tonnes

Mineralized System
- NNE–NE trending, thin polymetallic veins
- Zinc-dominant system

Potosí, Bolivia



Production[3]	Q3 2026	Q2 2026	Q3 2025	Change Q3'26 vs Q2'26	Change Q3'26 vs Q3'25
Silver (ounces)	89,134	100,875	92,001	-12%	-3%
Zinc (tonnes)	2,963	2,974	2,488	0%	19%

Revenues by Metal*

Ag **38.1%** Zn **61.4%** Other **0.5%**

* Other represents lead. Considering revenues from January-September 2026.

1. Head grades shown reflect 2025 operating average grades for Porco, based on reported annual production results. See news release dated January 26, 2026 for more information.
2. Refer to the NI 43-101 Technical Report for Porco, available at www.santacruzsilver.com, for more information.
3. Porco is presented at 100% production, whereas the Company records 45% of revenues and expenses in its consolidated financial statements.

Caballo Blanco Group of Mines

Type of Mine

Underground vein system

Milling Facility Capacity

1,300 tonnes per day

Head Grades[1]

Ag - 170 g/t; Zn - 7.28%;
Pb - 1.34%

History

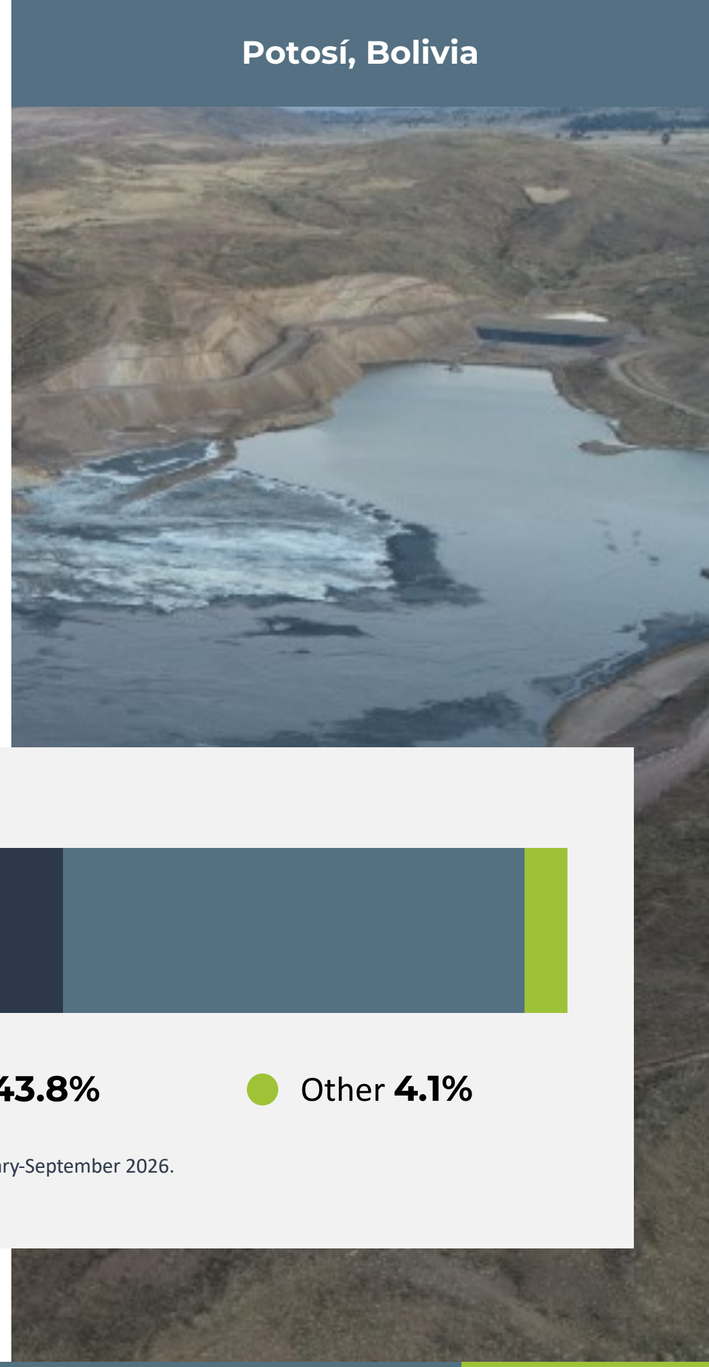
20 years of continuous operation

Key Mine Metrics[2]

- Reserves: 1.03M tonnes
- Resources: 2.22M tonnes

Mines Within Group

- Tres Amigos mine
- Colquechaquita mine



Production	Q3 2026	Q2 2026	Q3 2025	Change Q3'26 vs Q2'26	Change Q3'26 vs Q3'25
Silver (ounces)	287,219	326,215	294,524	-12%	-2%
Zinc (tonnes)	4,542	4,126	4,131	10%	10%

Revenues by Metal*

Ag **52.1%** Zn **43.8%** Other **4.1%**

* Other represents lead. Considering revenues from January-September 2026.

1. Head grades shown reflect 2025 operating average grades for Caballo Blanco, based on reported annual production results. See news release dated January 26, 2026 for more information.
2. Refer to the NI 43-101 Technical Report for Caballo Blanco, available at www.santacruzsilver.com, for more information.

Zimapan Mine

Type of Mine
Underground vein system

Milling Facility Capacity
3,200 tonnes per day

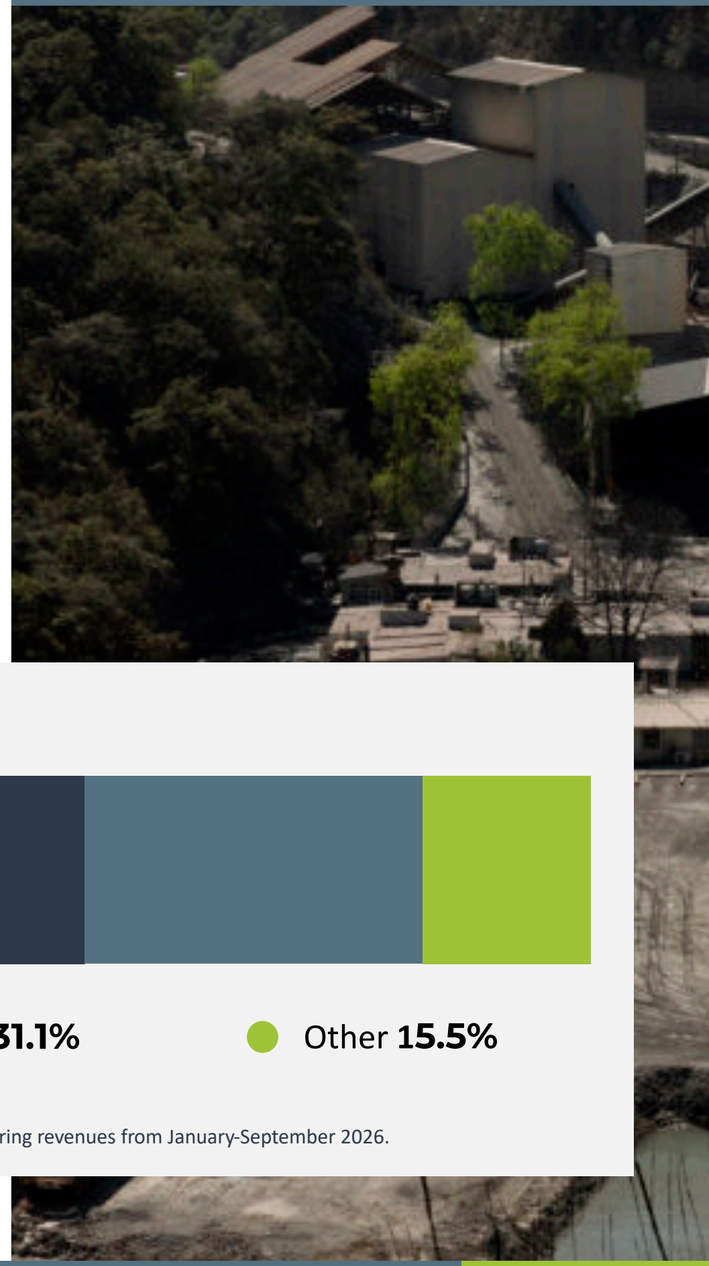
Head Grades[1]
Ag - 78 g/t; Zn - 2.74%;
Pb - 0.73%; Cu - 0.26%

History
Operated by Peñoles from 1964, acquired by Santacruz in 2021

Infrastructure
Well-connected to the national power grid and road network

Mineralized System
Skarn ore bodies (20m wide, up to 200m long), massive sulfides, strataform sulfide replacements

Hidalgo, Mexico



Production	Q3 2026	Q2 2026	Q3 2025	Change Q3'26 vs Q2'26	Change Q3'26 vs Q3'25
Silver (ounces)	402,067	391,121	396,385	3%	1%
Zinc (tonnes)	4,831	4,764	4,744	1%	2%

Revenues by Metal*

* Other includes lead (5.4%) and copper (10.1%). Considering revenues from January-September 2026.

1. Head grades shown reflect 2025 operating average grades for Zimapan, based on reported annual production results. See news release dated January 26, 2026 for more information.

San Lucas Ore Feed Sourcing

Overview

Bolivian margin-based ore sourcing and processing business using third-party material across the Company's existing plants[1]

Role

Supports plant utilization, fixed-cost absorption and operating flexibility

Efficiency

Plants operate near 100% capacity

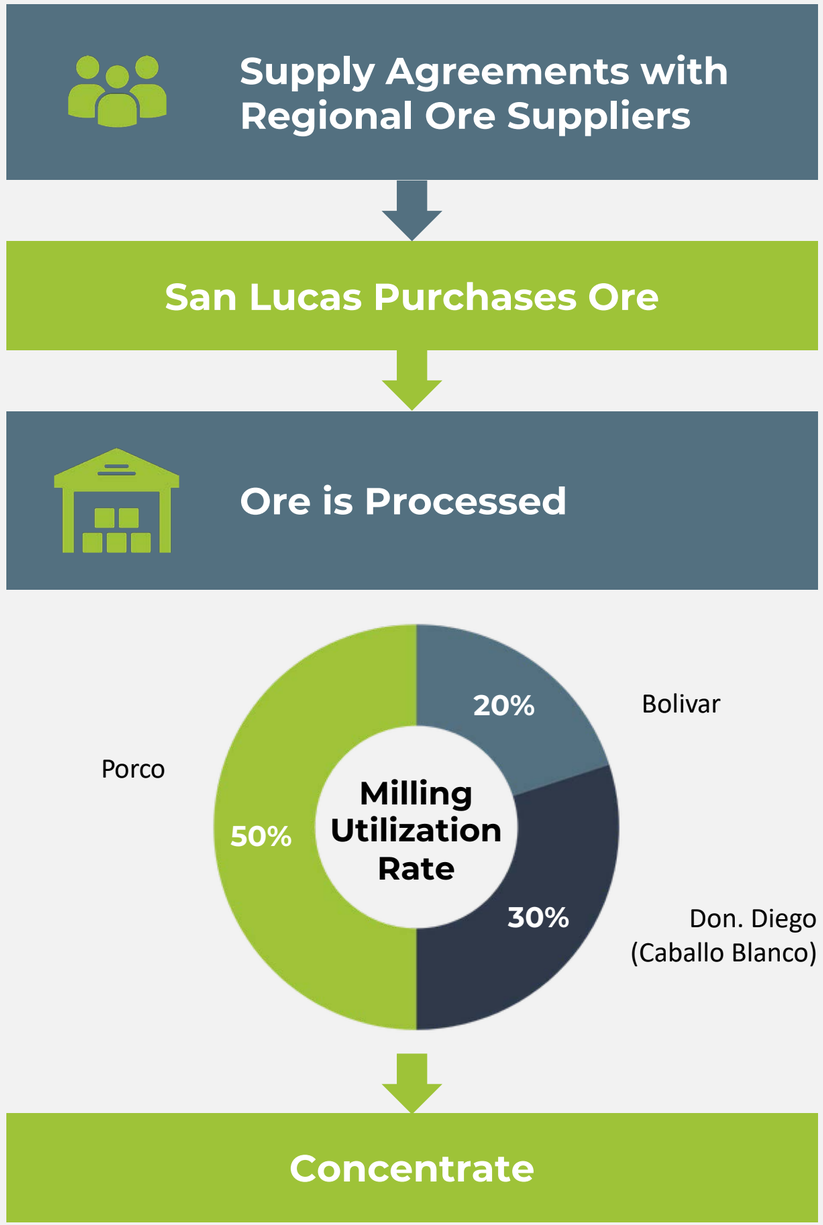
Strategic Advantage

Hard-to-replicate platform built on long-term relationships, operational integration and local market knowledge

New Milling Facility – Q3 2026[2]

- Acquired a 500 tpd facility in Bolivia, comprising two 250 tpd circuits
- Solely dedicated to San Lucas; supporting production growth and expansion
- Commissioning target for Q4 2026; commercial production by year-end

Production	Q3 2026	Q2 2026	Q3 2025	Change Q3'26 vs Q2'26	Change Q3'26 vs Q3'25
Silver (ounces)	314,451	411,367	326,873	-24%	-4%
Zinc (tonnes)	6,062	7,692	7,032	-21%	-14%



1. Purchase price is based on metal content and value – margins are independent of grade.
2. See the news release dated September 18, 2026 for more information.

Soracaya Asset, Bolivia

Advancing Permitting & Development Toward Initial Production

Mineral Resources[1]		Grade			Contained Metal		
	Tonnes (kt)	Ag (g/t)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	Ag (koz)	Zn (kt)	Pb (kt)
Inferred	4,137	260	1.23	7.23	34,550	50.9	299.1

Land Package

8,325 ha with grandfathered mineral rights

Development-Stage Work

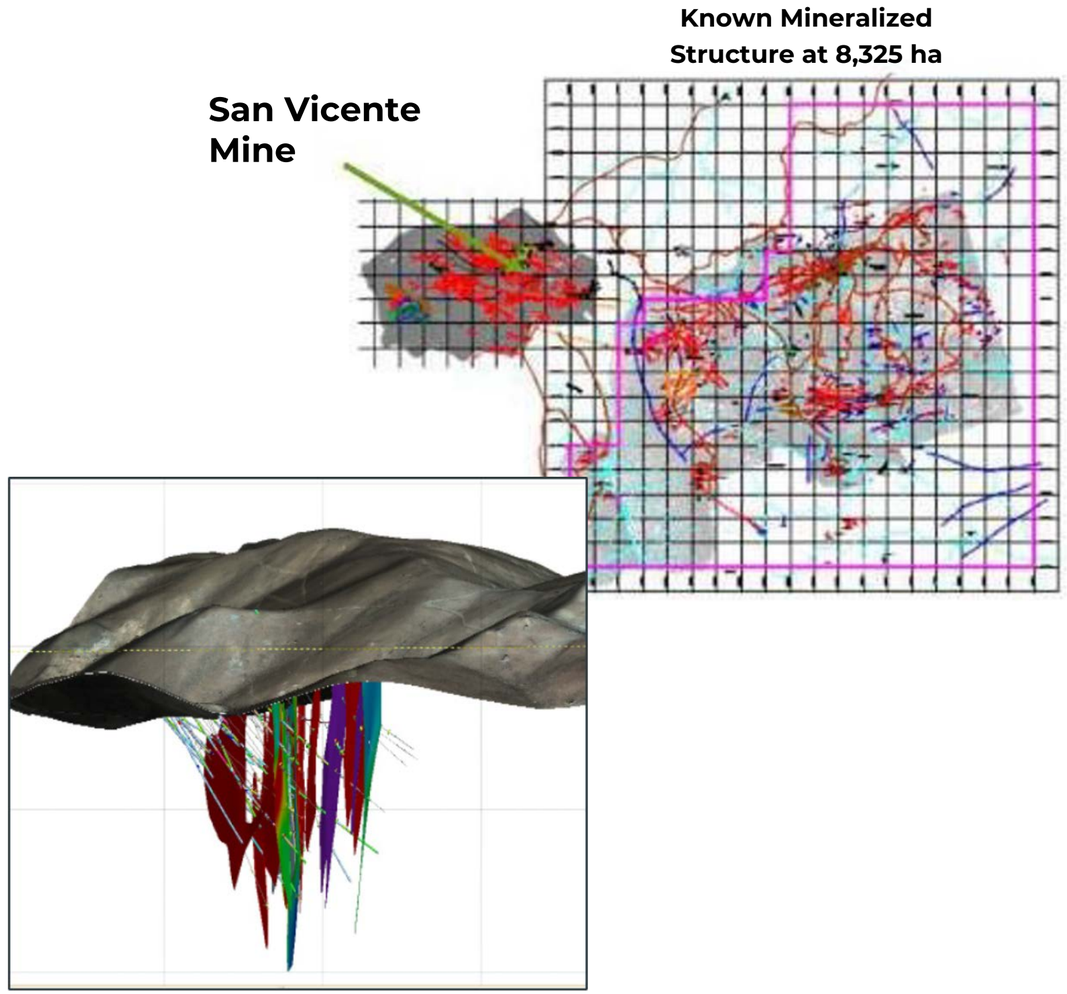
October 2025: Preliminary mine plan finalized; permitting process underway[2]

Land Package & Geology

- Initial Inferred Resource suggests high-quality silver project
- 4.4 km along strike from the San Vicente mine (PAAS) forming part of the same mineralized system
- Mineralization occurs in reactivated faults filled with replacement and brecciated sulphides

Recent Exploration Work

- Surface IP survey, 29 km^2
- Surface trenching and sampling (1992-2009; 2015-2016)
- Detailed geological mapping (2015-2016)
- 29,604 m of diamond drilling (95 ddh)



1. Notes to Mineral Resources & Reserves table on slide 27.
2. See the news release dated October 7, 2025 for more information.

9M 2026 Financial Highlights[1]

Amounts are Expressed in USD

$394 million
in Revenue

$154 million
in Gross Profit

$150 million
in Adjusted EBITDA

$125 million
in Cash and Highly Liquid Marketable Securities[2]

$71.41
Avg. Realized Silver Price (oz sold)[3]

$24.20
Consolidated Silver AISC (oz sold)[3]

$47.21
Realized Silver Margin (oz sold)[4]

Realized Silver Margin (oz sold) Mine-Level Breakdown[4]

$48.12	$24.54	$51.25	$51.57
Bolivar	Porco	Caballo Blanco	Zimapan

1. See slide 28 for more information.
2. Cash and Highly Liquid Marketable Securities includes Cash of $102.8 million and Highly Liquid Marketable Securities of $21.8 million, consisting of U.S. Treasury notes and bills, of which $15.8 million is pledged as collateral for short-term borrowings.
3. Silver ounces sold may be lower or higher than the volumes produced in the period due to two effects: (i) timing – concentrates produced in a quarter may be shipped and invoiced in a subsequent period or have been produced in a prior period; and (ii) commercial terms – payable ounces under offtake agreements are lower than produced ounces due to standard treatment and quality deductions applied by the customer.
4. The Company reports non-GAAP measures, which include: cash cost of production per tonne milled, cash cost per silver ounce and zinc tonne sold, average realized price per silver ounce and zinc tonne sold, all-in sustaining cost per silver ounce, zinc tonne sold, realized mining margin per silver ounce or zinc tonne sold and realized ore processing margin per silver ounce or zinc tonne sold. These measures are widely used in the mining industry as a benchmark for performance, but do not have a standardized meaning and may differ from methods used by other companies even though the metrics have the same or similar names. Refer to the section titled "Non-GAAP Measures" in the Company's Q3 2026 MD&A.

Attractive Valuation with Strong Financial Position

Amounts are Expressed in USD. As of September 30, 2026

KEY VALUATION METRICS

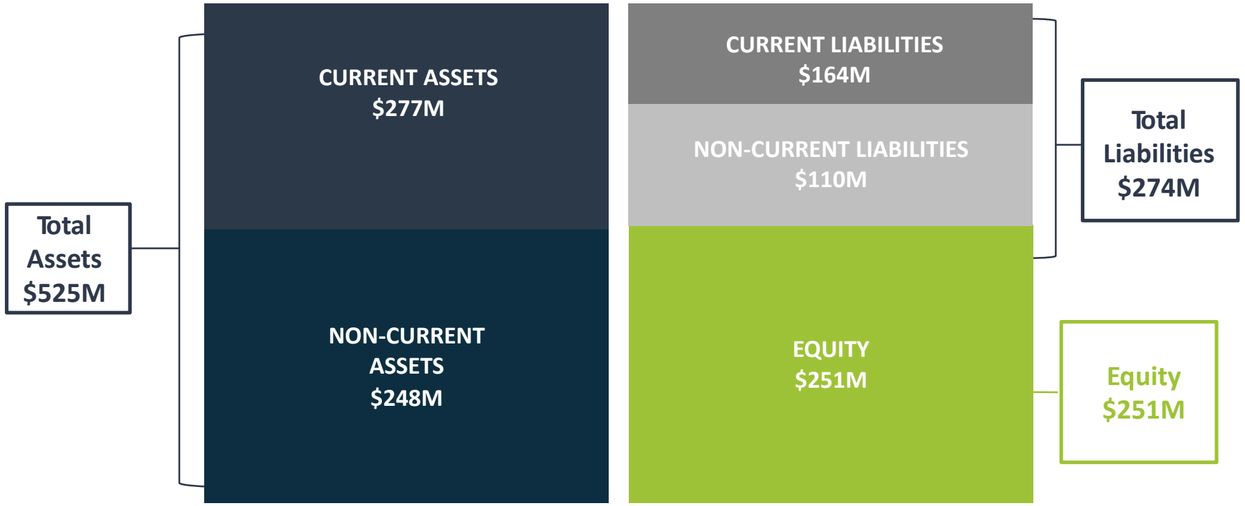
EV / Adj. EBITDA[1,2]
Annualized YTD 2026
3.7x

EV / Revenue[1,3]
Annualized YTD 2026
1.4x

Working Capital
As of September 30, 2026
$113M

Adj. EBITDA Margin[5]
Annualized YTD 2026
38%

BALANCE SHEET SNAPSHOT – Q3 2026



CASH & HIGHLY LIQUID MARKETABLE SECURITIES
$125M
Strong liquidity position supports operations and growth

CURRENT RATIO[7]
1.7x
Strong short-term liquidity position

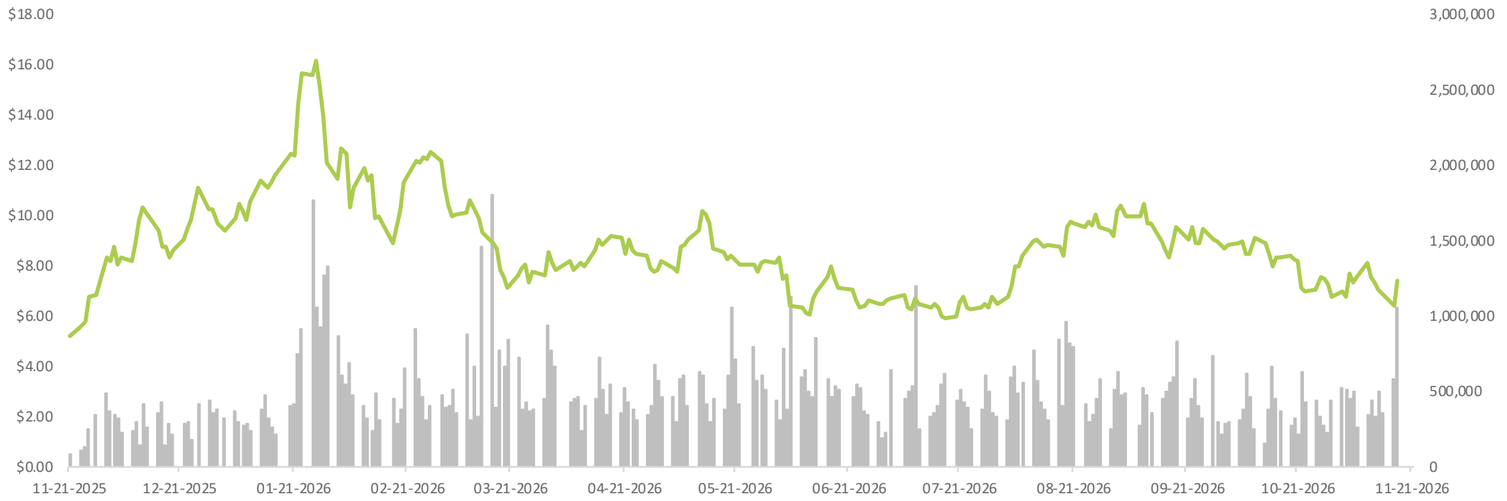
SOLID LIQUIDITY
Healthy balance sheet provides financial flexibility to invest and grow

KEY TAKEAWAYS

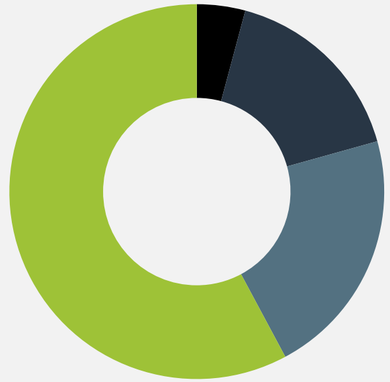
- Revenue up 76% and Adjusted EBITDA up 104% YoY through 9M 2026
- Adjusted EBITDA margin expanded to 38%, highlighting improved operating leverage
- Healthy liquidity with $113M of working capital and a 1.7x current ratio
- Strong balance sheet supports ongoing operations and growth initiatives

1. Enterprise Value (EV) calculated as market capitalization plus total debt, less cash and marketable securities, as of September 30, 2026.
2. EV / Annualized Adjusted EBITDA calculated using EV divided by annualized YTD 2026 adjusted EBITDA.
3. EV / Annualized Revenue calculated using EV divided by annualized YTD 2026 revenue.
4. Working Capital calculated as current assets less current liabilities, as of September 30, 2026.
5. Adjusted EBITDA Margin calculated as YTD 2026 adjusted EBITDA divided by YTD 2026 revenue.
6. Cash + Marketable Securities as of September 30, 2026.
7. Current Ratio calculated as current assets divided by current liabilities, each as of September 30, 2026.

Capitalization & Ownership Overview



Share Ownership[2]



- **Retail** 57.8%
- **Institutional Funds** 21.5%
- **Management & Insiders** 16.5%
- **Selected ETF Holdings[3]** 4.2%

NASDAQ-Listed: SCZM

As of 11/17/2026

Share Price	US$7.41	**Shares Outstanding**	92,994,586[1]
Market Cap	US$689M	**Options**	1,031,456[1]
Average Volume	441K	**Share Units**	1,005,247[1]
52 Week High/Low	US$17.65/US$5.00	**Fully Diluted**	95,031,289[1]

***Reverse stock split was completed on December 10, 2025**

Institutional Funds

Merrill Lynch · Bank of America · Au Ag Funds · Sprott Asset Management LP · U.S. Global Investors · Gillespie Investment Strategies LLC

Analyst Coverage		Price Target
Tate Sullivan	Maxim Group LLC	**US$15.00**
Ben Pirie	Atrium Research	**C$27.00**

1. As of September 30, 2026.
2. As of November 16, 2026
3. Selected ETFs represent approximately 4.24% of shares outstanding and include SIL (2.56%), SILJ (1.32%), XETM (0.25%) and SLVR (0.10%).

Sustainable Development in Bolivia & Mexico

Making an Impact in the Communities Where We Operate



BOLIVIA

US$8.55M
Direct Contributions
(2021-2025)[1]

Community Investment

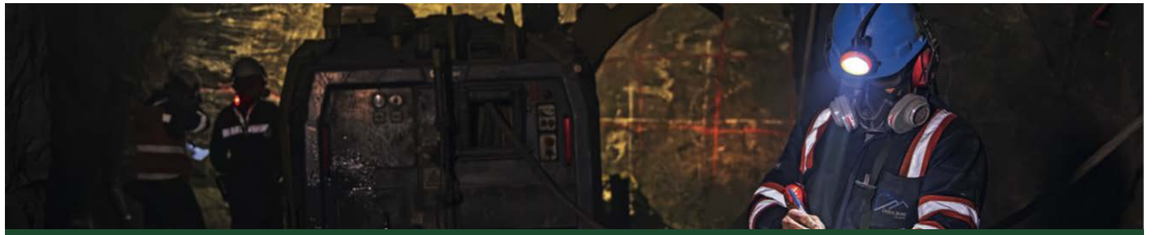
- Actively shaping the future of Bolivian communities and unions

UN SDGs Alignment[2]

- Sole Mining-Sector Member of the UN Global Compact Network Bolivia
- Aligning corporate strategies with global sustainability goals

Economic & Social Development

- Focused on creating thriving communities through local development, education, and livelihoods



MEXICO

First 2025 Sustainability Report Published

ESG Integration & Governance

- Sustainability embedded into strategy with robust governance framework
- Cross-functional structure for ESG oversight

Environmental Stewardship

- Responsible management of environmental impacts and risks
- Focus on resource efficiency and environmental compliance
- Continuous improvement in operational sustainability

Community Engagement

- Active collaboration with local communities and stakeholders
- Programs designed to create shared value and long-term relationships
- Transparent engagement and communication processes

Explore Our 2025 Sustainability Reports
Scan to Learn More >

Bolivia (Sinchi Wayra)

Mexico (Zilar Mendi – Operated as Carrizal Mining in 2025)

1. Direct contributions made by Santacruz from January 2021 – December 2025. Figures are expressed in USD.
2. The Bolivian Operations have been issuing sustainability reports aligned to the UN Sustainable Development Goals since 2017.

Experienced Management Team and Board

With Extensive Underground Mining Experience



Arturo Préstamo Elizondo

Executive Chairman and CEO

Mr. Préstamo Elizondo holds a C.P.A. from the University of Monterrey, with a Master's from EGADE and professional training from I.P.A.D.E. He has over 20 years of experience in the mining sector (precious metals) and has previously held roles in planning, corporate finance, and investor relations. Mr. Préstamo Elizondo is an active member of Mexico's Mining Chamber.



Andres Bedregal

CFO

Mr. Bedregal is an expert in financial planning and investment analysis, with skills in M&A and risk assessment. He holds degrees in Economics and Political Science from the University of Kansas, a Master's in Finance from Universidad Católica Boliviana, and an MBA from Universidad Privada Boliviana. Mr. Bedregal is also a Level III CFA Candidate.



Eduardo Torrecillas

COO

Mr. Torrecillas has over 18 years of senior leadership experience in mining. Before becoming COO, he was Executive Chairman and President of Santacruz's Bolivian operations. Previously, he spent 12 years at Minera San Cristóbal S.A., holding key leadership roles. Since 2022, he has been President of the National Association of Mid-Tier Miners and was re-elected in 2024.



Larry Okada

Director

Mr. Okada has over 43 years of experience in financial management for public companies, specializing in mineral firms. He is a member of the Canadian Institute of Chartered Professional Accountants and the Washington State CPA Association, and currently serves on the boards of several public companies.



Federico Villaseñor

Director

Mr. Villaseñor holds a B.Sc. in Mining and Metallurgy from the University of Guanajuato and an MS in Mineral Economics from Columbia University. He has 40 years of experience in mining, including roles at major firms like Penoles and Goldcorp.



W. Barry Girling

Director

Mr. Girling has been active in mineral exploration since 1977, combining geological expertise with a B.Com. (Finance) from UBC. He has founded and directed multiple TSX.V listed companies over the past 20 years.



Bruce Wolfson

Director

Mr. Wolfson has 40+ years of experience in international finance and law, with expertise in emerging markets. He has served as General Counsel and CCO at Jaguar Growth Partners and held senior roles at Bingham McCutchen, The Rohatyn Group, and Bear Stearns. He was Bank of America's resident counsel in Mexico, has taught at Columbia and Vanderbilt, and holds a BA in Economics and a JD from the University of Pennsylvania.

Why Santacruz

Multi-metal, multi-asset mining company
operating in Mexico and Bolivia,
and Bolivia's largest underground miner.

High-quality silver and zinc reserves
with production for the first nine months of 2026 totaling approximately 4.42 Moz of silver and 66.96 kt of zinc.

Strong financial position
Supported by 76% YoY revenue growth and 104% Adjusted EBITDA growth in 9M 2026, with US$124.6M in cash and liquid securities at Q3-end[1].

Maximizing profitability
through operational excellence.

Direct exposure to silver and zinc
which are critically important metals backed by tightening supply and structural demand growth.

Expansion & exploration to grow reserves,
extend mine life, and boost production.

ESG leadership in sustainable mining,
community engagement, and renewables.



1. Refer to slides 13 and 28 for more information.

SANTACRUZ
silver mining, ltd

NASDAQ:SCZM
TSX:SCZ

CONTACT INFORMATION

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APPENDIX

NASDAQ:SCZM | TSX:SCZ

SANTACRUZ
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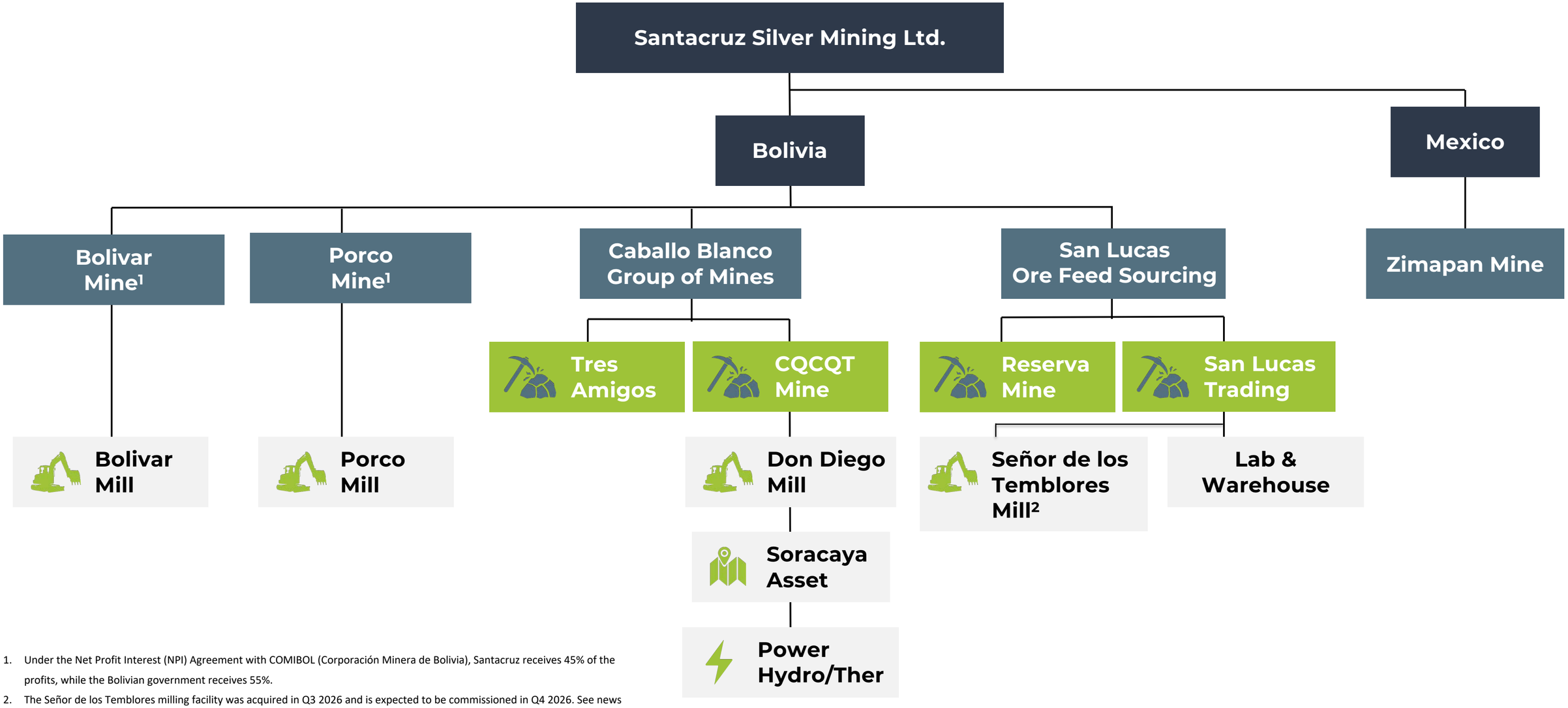
Overview of Santacruz’s Operations



Operations Overview Video

Scan to Watch

Santacruz Asset Structure



1. Under the Net Profit Interest (NPI) Agreement with COMIBOL (Corporación Minera de Bolivia), Santacruz receives 45% of the profits, while the Bolivian government receives 55%.
2. The Señor de los Temblores milling facility was acquired in Q3 2026 and is expected to be commissioned in Q4 2026. See news release dated September 18, 2026 for more information.

Methodology for the Calculation of Silver Equivalent and Zinc Equivalent Production Figures

Commencing Q1 2026, the Company has improved its production disclosure by reporting Zinc Equivalent tonnes produced and has changed the method of calculating Silver Equivalent Ounces produced. The Company considers silver equivalent ("**AgEq**") ounces and zinc equivalent ("**ZnEq**") tonnes to be useful supplemental production metrics for evaluating its multi-metal production profile. These measures are commonly used in the mining industry as reference metrics to facilitate period-over-period comparisons and, where relevant, benchmarking against industry peers. They should be viewed as supplemental to, and not a substitute for, the actual metal production volumes disclosed on a metal-by-metal basis.

AgEq ounces and ZnEq tonnes are calculated by applying conversion factors that normalize the value of each non-reference metal to the selected reference metal. For AgEq ounces, the values of zinc, lead, and copper are converted into silver equivalent ounces. For ZnEq tonnes, the values of silver, lead, and copper are converted into zinc equivalent tonnes. Each conversion factor is derived from the ratio of the in-situ metal value of the contained fine metal to the price of the reference metal used in the equivalency calculation. The denominator used to calculate silver equivalent ounces is the silver price, while the denominator used to calculate zinc equivalent tonnes is the zinc price. This methodology expresses multi-metal production in a common unit of measure. Since the silver price and zinc price are the denominators in each metric, price variations of these metals can significantly affect the result, especially when one metal price changes significantly relative to the other metal prices.

The metal prices used in the calculation of AgEq and ZnEq are based on the average quarterly prices quoted on the London Metal Exchange ("**LME**"). Previously, the Company used budgeted metal prices which were only updated annually. The Company considers that it is more appropriate to use the quarter's actual prices to determine the period's AgEq and ZnEq production volumes to better reflect production results in the context of volatile market prices. Previously reported AgEq ounces produced have been updated using the period's corresponding quarterly average LME prices instead of the budgeted prices which were previously used.

Prices:	Zinc	Lead	Silver	Copper
Average Q1-LME/2026	3,243	1,931	84.39	12,852
Average Q4-LME/2025	3,165	1,971	54.83	11,100
Average Q1-LME/2025	2,838	1,970	31.91	9,346

The methods used by the Company to calculate these equivalencies may differ from those used by other companies reporting similar metrics and therefore may not be directly comparable. These measures are intended to provide additional information and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for performance measures prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("**IFRS**").

Please refer to the news release dated April 16, 2026 for more information.

Bolivian Mineral Reserves and Mineral Resources Estimates[1]

Mineral Resources & Reserves[2]	Grade				Contained Metal			
	Tonnes (kt)	Ag (g/t)	Zn (%)	Pb (%)	AgEq (g/t)	Ag (koz)	Zn (kt)	Pb (kt)	AgEq (koz)
Measured	855	327	12.78	1.37	915	9,003	109.3	11.7	63,132
Indicated	677	295	12.24	1.25	836	6,426	82.9	8.4	38,460
Measured & Indicated	1,532	313	12.54	1.32	883	15,429	192.2	20.2	101,592
Inferred Mineral Resources	4,202	403	10.35	1.00	792	54,436	434.8	41.9	189,169
Proven Mineral	742	299	10.65	1.31	699	7,144	79.1	9.7	33,083
Probable Mineral	495	233	8.92	0.97	582	3,705	44.1	4.8	20,901
Proven & Probable Mineral Reserves	1,237	273	9.96	1.17	648	10,849	123.2	14.5	53,983

1. See news releases dated August 21, 2024 for more information.
2. Notes to Mineral Resources & Reserves table on slide 27.

Bolivian Mineral Reserves and Mineral Resources Estimates (Continued)[1]

Bolivar Mine

Mineral Resources & Reserves[1]		Grade			Contained Metal		
	Million Tonnes	Ag (g/t)	Zn(%)	Pb(%)	Ag (koz)	Zn (kt)	Pb (kt)
M&I	1.5	313	12.54	1.32	15,429	192.2	20.2
Inferred	4.2	403	10.35	1.00	54,436	434.8	41.9
Proven & Probable Mineral Reserves	1.2	273	9.96	1.17	10,894	123.2	14.5

Porco Mine

Mineral Resources & Reserves[1]		Grade			Contained Metal		
	Million Tonnes	Ag (g/t)	Zn(%)	Pb(%)	Ag (koz)	Zn (kt)	Pb (kt)
M&I	0.82	191	16.92	0.92	5,021	138.7	7.6
Inferred	1.00	117	15.16	0.92	3,775	152.6	9.2
Proven & Probable Mineral Reserves	0.32	162	12.71	0.72	1,662	40.6	2.3

1. Notes to Mineral Resources & Reserves table on slide 27.

Bolivian Mineral Reserves and Mineral Resources Estimates (Continued)[1]

Caballo Blanco Group of Mines

Mineral Resources & Reserves[1]		Grade			Contained Metal		
	Million Tonnes	Ag (g/t)	Zn(%)	Pb(%)	Ag (koz)	Zn (kt)	Pb (kt)
M&I	1.2	300	15.29	2.96	11,824	187.6	36.4
Inferred	2.2	199	13.28	2.12	14,183	294.4	47.1
Proven & Probable Mineral Reserves	1.0	193	9.18	1.90	6,428	94.9	19.6

1. Notes to Mineral Resources & Reserves table on slide 27.

Notes to Mineral Resources and Reserves

Mineral Resources and Reserves are stated for the first time under NI 43-101 standards of disclosure and verified by third-party Qualified Persons. Garth Kirkham, P.Geo., FGC, of Kirkham Geosystems Ltd., Richard Goodwin, P.Eng., and Shane Tad Crowie, P.Eng., of JDS who are independent Qualified Persons, as defined by NI 43-101 performed the verification.

Mineral Resources were estimated using the Canadian Institute of Mining, Metallurgy and Petroleum (CIM) Standards on Mineral Resources and Reserves, Definitions (2014) and Best Practices (2019) prepared by the CIM Standing Committee on Reserve Definitions and adopted by CIM Council.

Mineral Resources, which are not Mineral Reserves, do not have demonstrated economic viability. The estimates of Mineral Resources may be materially affected by environmental, permitting, legal, title, taxation, sociopolitical, marketing, or other relevant issues.

Inferred Mineral Resources in these estimates have a lower level of confidence than that applied to Indicated Mineral Resources and may not be converted to a Mineral Reserve.

Updated cost structures for operating and sustaining capital costs were applied to the Mineral Resource to confirm Santacruz generated Mineral Reserves at projected metal prices of $21.00 per ounce silver, $1.15 per pound zinc, $1.00 per pound lead and $3.65 per pound copper.

Mineral Reserve estimates are derived using actual mining and metallurgical performance data from 2022 at each operation to deliver robust estimates.

The effective date of the resource and reserve statements is January 1, 2023. Production data for the calendar year 2023 has been included in Section 24 of the various NI 43-101 reports and shows the depletion and typical replenishment of resources and reserves over a calendar year.

Mr. Kirkham, Mr. Goodwin, and Mr. Crowie have reviewed and approved the scientific and technical information contained in this presentation that relates to the NI 43-101 Technical Report.

Total Reserves and Resources for Bolivian Mines

1. The combined mineral resources and mineral reserves include all Bolivian mining operations: Bolivar, Porco and the Caballo Blanco group of mines, which consist of the Colquechaquita and Tres Amigos.
2. The Mineral Resource and Mineral Reserve Estimates were prepared for each operation using a zinc equivalent (ZnEq) cut-off grade and reporting silver equivalent (AgEq) grade that varies for each operation due to costs and economic parameters that are specific to each operation and are detailed within the footnotes for each as shown in the following tables.
3. AgEq grade information presented in this table reflects metal prices of $21.00/oz Ag, $1.15/lb Zn, and $1.00/lb Pb.
4. Certain totals may not add due to the use of rounded numbers.

Bolivar Mine – Slide 25

1. The Mineral Resource Estimate was prepared using a 10.6% zinc equivalent cut-off grade. Cut-off grades were derived from $25.20/oz silver, $1.38/lb zinc and $1.20/lb lead, and process recoveries of 91% for zinc, 70% for lead, and 89.7% for silver.
2. The Mineral Reserve Estimate was prepared using a 12.7% zinc equivalent cut-off grade, using the formula ZnEQV = Zn% + 0.7 x Pb% + 0.046 x Ag (g/t). This cut-off grade was based on current smelter agreements and metal prices of $21.00/oz silver, $1.15/lb zinc and $1.00/lb lead, total OPEX costs of $120.22/t based on 2022 actual costs plus capital costs of $48.68/t, with process recoveries of 91.0% for zinc, 70.0% for lead, and 89.7% for silver.
3. Bolivar and Porco Mines are part of the Illapa Joint Operation with COMIBOL. Bolivar and Porco are presented at 100% production, whereas the Company records 45% of revenues and expenses in its consolidated financial statements. The Joint Operation agreement is in effect until 2028.
4. Please see NI 43-101 technical report titled “NI 43-101 Technical Report on the Advanced Project Bolivar Mining Operations, Antequera, Bolivia” with an effective date of January 1, 2024 by Richard Goodwin, P.Eng., Garth Kirkham, P.Geo., and Tad Crowie, P.Eng., available under the Company’s SEDAR+ issuer profile.

Porco Mine – Slide 25

1. The Mineral Resource Estimate was prepared using an 11.2% zinc equivalent cut-off grade. Cut-off grades were derived from $25.2/oz silver, $1.38/lb zinc and $1.20/lb lead; and process recoveries of 94.3% for zinc, 75.6% for lead, and 88.6% for silver.
2. The Mineral Reserve Estimate was prepared using a 13.4% zinc equivalent cut-off grade, using the formula ZnEQV = Zn% + 1.14 x Pb% + 0.044 x Ag (g/t). This cut-off grade was based on current smelter agreements and metal prices of $21.00/oz silver, $1.15/lb zinc and $1.00/lb lead, total OPEX costs of $125.02/t based on 2022 actual costs plus capital costs of $21.79/t, with process recoveries of 94.3% for zinc, 75.6% for lead, and 88.6% for silver.
3. Bolivar and Porco Mines are part of the Illapa Joint Operation with COMIBOL. Bolivar and Porco are presented at 100% production, whereas the Company records 45% of revenues and expenses in its consolidated financial statements. The Joint Operation agreement is in effect until 2028.
4. Please see NI 43-101 technical report titled “NI 43-101 Technical Report for the Advanced Project Porco Mining Operations, Antonio Quijarro Province, Bolivia” with an effective date of January 1, 2024 by Richard Goodwin, P.Eng., Garth Kirkham, P.Geo., and Tad Crowie, P.Eng., available under the Company’s SEDAR+ issuer profile.

Caballo Blanco Group – Slide 26

1. Caballo Blanco Group of Mines consists of the Colquechaquita and Tres Amigos mines.
2. The Mineral Resource Estimate was prepared using a 10.0% zinc equivalent cut-off grade. Cut-off grades were derived from $25.20/oz silver, $1.38/lb zinc and $1.20/lb lead; and process recoveries of 92.1% for zinc, 77.2% for lead and 90.8% for silver.
3. The Mineral Reserve Estimate was prepared using an 11.9% zinc equivalent cut-off grade, using the formula ZnEQV = Zn% + 1.22 x Pb% + 0.051 x Ag (g/t). This cut-off grade was based on current smelter agreements and metal prices of $21.00/oz silver, $1.15/lb zinc and $1.00/lb lead, total OPEX costs of $106.94/t based on 2022 actual costs plus capital costs of $42.33/t, with process recoveries of 92.1% for zinc, 77.2% for lead, and 90.8% for silver.
4. Please see NI 43-101 technical report titled “NI 43-101 Technical Report on the Advanced Project Caballo Blanco Mining Operations, near Potosi, Bolivia” with an effective date of January 1, 2024 by Richard Goodwin, P.Eng., Garth Kirkham, P.Geo., and Tad Crowie, P.Eng., available under the Company’s SEDAR+ issuer profile.

Soracaya Exploration Asset – Slide 12

1. The Mineral Resource estimate was prepared using a 10.0% zinc equivalent cut-off grade. Cut-off grades were derived from $25.20/oz silver, $1.38/lb zinc and $1.20/lb lead; and process recoveries of 92.1% for zinc, 77.2% for lead and 90.8% for silver.
2. Please see NI 43-101 technical report titled “NI 43-101 Technical Report Soracaya Project, near Potosi, Bolivia” with an effective date of January 1, 2024 by Garth Kirkham, P.Geo., and Tad Crowie, P.Eng., available under the Company’s SEDAR+ issuer profile.

9M 2026 Snapshot[1]

Amounts are Expressed in USD

		2026 YTD	2025 YTD	Change YTD'26 vs YTD'25
Tonnes Milled	t	1,215,729	1,157,002	5%
Silver Produced	oz	3,348,334	3,313,545	1%
Average Realized Price per Silver Ounce Sold	$/oz	71.41	35.21	103%
AISC per Silver Ounce Sold	$/oz	24.20	20.73	17%
Realized Mining Margin per Silver Ounce Sold	$/oz	47.21	14.48	226%
Zinc Produced	t	46,062	43,759	5%
Average Realized Price per Zinc Tonne Sold	$/t	3,601	3,203	12%
AISC per Zinc Tonne Sold	$/t	2,391	2,066	16%
Realized Mining Margin per Zinc Tonne Sold	$/t	1,210	1,137	6%
Revenues	$000	394,263	223,598	76%
Gross Profit	$000	154,115	73,313	110%
Net income	$000	68,092	46,772	46%
Net Earnings Per Share – Basic	$/share	0.74	0.52	42%
Adjusted EBITDA	$000	150,317	73,795	104%
Cash & Cash Equivalents	$000	102,836	40,018	157%

1. See pages 8 and 9 of Q3 2026 MD&A for accompanying notes to the table.

Quality Assurance/Quality Control and Data Verification

Mineral Resources for the Bolivian operations (Bolivar mine, Porco mine, Caballo Blanco Group of mines) were previously performed by local Bolivian staff supported by Glencore. Currently, the same local technical resources are employed by Santacruz ensuring continuity and consistency. The Glencore, and now Santacruz, procedures and methods remain and are adhered to. These procedures and methods have been well documented and follow industry best practice guidelines and the QP (Kirkham) performed extensive site investigations for due diligence and audit to validate and verify.

The Bolivian sites utilize internal laboratories that were reviewed by the technical report authors. Assay preparation and analytical procedures and methods were reviewed and were acceptable for resource estimation purposes. Following the facilities visit to the laboratories, systematic checks of the assay databases against the certified and internal assay databases showed good agreement and the transfer of data is automated to ensure against transpositional errors. The assay database was in good agreement with the laboratory database. The laboratory at the Don Diego process plant in Bolivia is an ISO 17025:2018 certified laboratory.

Independent samples were taken and analyzed by an outside independent umpire assay laboratory, SGS Peru, which is an ISO 9001-certified laboratory. The results showed good agreement with the original sample assays while validating and verifying the results of the internal assay laboratories.

The resource block models have been created and maintained in the Datamine™ System, a well-known resource modelling and mine planning system. The vein domain models were created within LeapFrog™. Block and vein domain models were imported into secondary modelling system MineSight™ and were validated and verified. Furthermore, estimation vein domains and resource block models were independently created by the QP (Kirkham) which showed good agreement with Santacruz models and results.

For all the operating mines, checks were performed to ensure that pillars, sterilized areas and mined out volumes were accounted for and excluded along with material below topography and overburden. Classification criteria and methodology were reviewed showing reasonable and even conservative judgment with respect to threshold distances and grades for drill hole and channel sample data. Geological and grade continuity was demonstrated, and cut-off grades were calculated using updated metal prices and actual mine operating costs. Design underground stope shapes were utilized for the reporting of resources demonstrating Reasonable Prospect of Eventual Economic Extraction (“RP3E”).

In conclusion, the assay data, domain models and block estimation models have been validated and verified by the QP (Kirkham). Economic and classification criteria have been adjusted to ensure reasonable prospect of eventual economic extraction. Kirkham assumes responsibility for the resources and states that the data, models and results reported in the resource estimates may be relied upon to report.

The reserves for all assets were prepared by Sinchi Wayra in Deswik™. JDS (QP Goodwin) verified that the correct dilution and recovery factors were applied to the stope shapes, that inferred resources were not used in any stope reserves, manually checked all calculations, and verified the tonnages and metal content of each reserve estimate. Other factors that were checked include equipment rates, historic production performance, predicted stoping productivities, and mining sequence assumptions. On the basis of this QA/QC review, the QP (Goodwin) verified that the Deswik-based reserves have been correctly estimated and assumes responsibility for them.

Cutoff grade (COG) criteria were also developed using the site metallurgical data and smelter contracts. The final reserve was estimated by the application of these factors (mining dilution, mining recovery, COG) to the LOM plan and the elimination of all inferred resources in the stope shapes.

The QP (Goodwin) is satisfied that this exercise resulted in a valid result and assumes responsibility for the reserve estimation.